THE BICHOLIM URBAN CO-OPERATIVE BANK LTD., CENTRAL OFFICE, 'NANDANVAN', BICHOLIM GOA



CONSUMER EDUCATION LITERATURE ON CONCEPTS PERTAINING TO NPA's

FOR BORROWER'S INFORMATION AND AWARENESS REGARDING CLASSIFICATION OF BORROWER'S ACCOUNTS AS NPA/SMA

In view to make awareness among the borrowers of the bank and also to make them familiar with the banking terms, this document has been prepared. The main objective of this document is that the borrowers service the loans/credit facilities as per the schedule of repayment and accounts do not slip to NPA category which shall avoid future hardship the borrowers have to face.

With a view to increasing awareness among borrowers of the Bank, this documents covers the concept of SMA, NPA for ease of understanding.

The Bank recognizes incipient stress in borrower accounts by classifying them as Special Mention Account (SMA)/Non-Performing Asset (NPA) as per the norms given below:

1. What is the meaning of Overdue account?

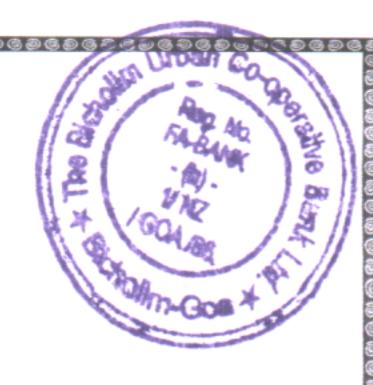
An account is classified as "Overdue" if any amount due to BANK is not paid on the due date fixed by the Bank & agreed by borrower as per the loan agreement.

The date of classifying a loan account as "Overdue" shall be the date on which the amount was due but not paid by the borrower.

2. What is days past due (DPD)?

It is the number of days for which your account has remained in overdue status.

For example, if on the due date, full dues are not received by BANK before its day end process are run, the account shall become overdue by 1 day (that is 1 DPD). Accounts at 1 DPD are also called as SMA-0.



3. What is SMA & what is NPA?

An account is classified as Special Mention Account (SMA) or Non-Performing Account (NPA) based on days past due (DPD).

Special Mention Account (SMA)

Special Mention Account (SMA)

Special mention account shall be classified as per following categories:

Loans in the nature of Term Loans		Loans in the nature of cash credit/overdraft	
SMA	Basis for classification-	SMA	Basis for
Sub-	Principal or interest	Sub-	Classification-
categor	payment or any other	categori	Outstanding
ies	amount wholly or partly	es	balance remains
	overdue		continuously in
			excess of the
			sanctioned limit
			or drawing power,
			whichever is
			lower, for a period
			of:
SMA-0	Upto 30 days		
SMA-1	More than 30 days and	SMA-1	More than 30 days
	upto 60 days		and upto 60 days
SMA-2	More than 60 days and	SMA-2	More than 60 days
	upto 90 days		and upto 90 days

The borrower accounts shall be flagged as overdue by the lending institutions as part of their day-end processes for the due date, irrespective of the time of running such processes. Similarly, classification of borrower accounts as SMA as well as NPA shall be done as part of day-end process for the relevant date and the SMA or NPA classification date shall be the calendar date for which the day end process is run. In other words, the date of SMA/NPA shall reflect the asset classification status of an account at the day-end of that calendar date.

Non- Performing Asset (NPA)



A non-performing asset (NPA is a loan or an advance where:

- a) interest and/or instalment of principal remains overdue for a period of more than 90 days in respect of a term loan,
- b) the account remains 'out of order' as indicated at paragraph below, in respect of an overdraft/Cash Credit (OD/CC),
- c) the bill remains overdue for a period of more than 90 days in the case of bills purchased and discounted,
- d) the instalment of principal or interest thereon remains overdue for two crop seasons for short duration crops,
- e) the instalment of principal or interest thereon remains overdue for one crop season for long duration crops,
- the amount of liquidity facility remains outstanding for more than 90 days, in respect of a securitisation transaction undertaken in terms of the Reserve Bank of India (Securitisation of Standard Assets) Directions, 2021.
- g) the availability of security or net worth of borrower/surety will not be taken into account for the purpose of treating loan account as NPA.
- h) In respect of a borrower having more than one facility with the bank, all the credit facilities granted by the bank will be treated as NPA and not the particular facility or part thereof which has become irregular/NPA.

'Out of Order' status

Cash Credit/Overdraft (CC/OD) account is classified as NPA if it is 'out of order'. An account should be treated as 'out of order' if:

- a) the outstanding balance remains continuously in excess of the sanctioned limit/drawing power for 90 days.
- b) In cases where the outstanding balance in the Cash Credit/Overdraft account is less than the sanctioned limit/drawing power, but there are no credits continuously for 90 days as on the date of Balance Sheet or Credits are not enough to cover the interest debited during the same period, these accounts should be treated as 'out of order'.



NPA classification on account of non-renewal of CC/OD limits

An account where the regular/ad hoc credit limit have not been reviewed/renewed within 90 days from the due date/date of ad hoc sanction the said account will be treated as NPA.

Example of SMA/NPA

- If due date of loan instalment is March 31, 2024, and full dues are not received before the lending institution runs the day-end process for this date, the date of overdue shall be March, 2024.
- If it continues to remain overdue, then this account shall get marked SMA-1 upon running day-end process on April 30, 2024 i.e. upon completion of 30 days of being continuously overdue. Accordingly, the date of SMA-1 classification for that account shall be April 30, 2024.
- Similarly, if the account continues to remain overdue, it shall get tagged as SMA-2 upon running day-end process on May 30, 2024.
- If it continues to remain overdue further, it shall get classified as NPA upon running day-end process on June 29, 2024.

4. How to move your account out of NPA?

Loan accounts classified as NPAs may be upgraded as 'standard' asset only if total overdue amount of interest and principal are paid by the borrower. In case of borrowers having more than one credit facility from the bank, loan account shall be upgraded from NPA to standard asset category only upon repayment of entire arrears of interest and principal pertaining to all credit facilities.

For detailed guidelines in asset classification and provisioning, please refer to RBI's Master Circular- Prudential Norms on Income Recognition, Asset Classification and Provisioning Pertaining to Advances dated April 1, 2023. The above asset/SMA classification norms are subject to changes as per the instructions issued from time to time, by RBI.